## Changes in dermatological complaints among healthcare professionals during the COVID-19 outbreak in Turkey

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Supplementary Table 1 | Survey questions: Complaints related to various dermatological diseases before and after onset of COVID-19 outbreak.

N.	Ousetien		No	Yes
No.	Question		0 points	1-10 points
1	Was/Is there any dryness or fissures on the hands? (xerosis cutis on hands)	Before		
		After		
2	Was/Is there any redness, edema, weeping, crusting, burning, pain, or pruritus on the hand	Before		
	skin? (hand eczema)	After		
3	Was/Is there any redness, dryness, fissures, weeping, crusting, burning, pain, or pruritus	Before		
	on the face skin? (facial xerosis, eczema)	After		
4	Was/Is there any redness, dryness, fissures, weeping, crusting, burning, pain, or pruritus	Before		
	on the body skin? (body xerosis, eczema)	After		
5	Was/Is there any acne or pimples on the face? (acne, folliculitis on the face)	Before		
		After		
6	Were/Are there any active hair-loss complaints, except in the form of round patches?	Before		
	(hair loss other than alopecia areata)	After		
7	Was/Is there any excessive sweating on the palms? (palmar hyperhidrosis)	Before		
		After		
8	Was/Is there any drying or bleeding inside the nose (nasal mucosa)? (xeromycteria)	Before		
		After		
9	Were/Are there any red, swollen, edematous, itchy, and fading lesions within a 24-hour	Before		
	period on the body? (acute or chronic urticaria)	After		
10	Were/Are there any painful, recurrent, superficial, or deep sores (aphthae, ulcers) in the	Before		
	mouth? (aphthous stomatitis)	After		
11	Were/Are there any white-yellow scales or dandruff on the scalp? (seborrheic dermatitis)	Before		
		After		

Researchers asked whether the patient had these symptoms in the last week and in the first week just before the COVID-19 outbreak. The symptoms were designed to suggest a diagnosis of dermatological disease, and the disease was expressed in parentheses. 0 points = no complaints related to disease, 10 points = disease-related complaints that seriously impair quality of life.

Supplementary Table 2 | Relationship between various dermatological complaints and some parameters before COVID-19 outbreak and after 1 month.

1.1.16.16			sease before COV				Disease after 1 r		
elated factors		Existing	None	Z	р	Existing	None	Z	р
<b>erosis cutis on hands</b> (dryness or fis	sures on	hands)							
HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 505)					<b></b>	8 (4)	5 (3)	-5.4	< 0.001
Age (years, $n = 521$ )		32 (11)	32 (12)	-1.1	0.297*	32 (12)	32 (9)	-0.8	0.418*
Sex (n = 526)	Male	48 (29.6%)	114 (70.4%)		40.004	120 (74.5)	41 (25.5%)		4.0.004
	Female	190 (52.2%)	174 (47.8%)	_	< 0.001	354 (97.0%)	11 (3.0%)	_	< 0.001
Residence with person at high	Yes	49 (42.2%)	67 (57.8%)			111 (94.9%)	6 (5.1%)		
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 524$ )	No	187 (45.8%)	221 (54.2%)	_	0.493	354 (86.7%)	53 (13.3%)	_	0.045
Need moisturizer (times/day, $n = 5$		2 (2)	1 (2)	-5.2	< 0.001*	3 (3)	0 (2)	-6.8	< 0.001
Handwashing (times/day, $n = 523$ )		104 (39.0%)	163 (61.0%)			96 (82.8%)	20 (17.2%)	0.0	
mandwashing (times/day, 11 – 323)	× 10 ≥ 10	133 (52.0%)	123 (48.0%)	-	0.003		375 (92.1%) 32 (7.9%)	_	0.003
Handwashing time per event									
- ·	0-9	72 (30.4%)	108 (37.6%)			5 (1.1%)	4 (7.7%)		
(seconds, $n = 524$ )	10-19	131 (55.3%)	144 (50.2%)	-1.7	0.098*	102 (21.7%)	9 (17.3%)	-0.6	0.519*
	20-29	30 (12.7%)	28 (9.8%)			283 (60.1%)	31 (59.6%)		
	> 30	4 (1.7%)	7 (2.4%)			81 (17.2%)	8 (15.4%)		
Using gloves $(n = 524)$	Yes	-	-			429 (91.3%)	41 (8.7%)		0.007
	No	_	-	_	_	43 (79.6%)	11 (20.4%)	_	0.007
Glove-wearing time (hours,	∢2	_	-			141 (87.6%)	20 (12.4%)		
n = 406)†	≥ 2	_	_	_	_	265 (94.0%)	17 (6.0%)	_	0.019
Hand sanitizer use $(n = 505)$	Yes	_				438 (89.8%)	50 (10.2)		
Traina samitizer ase (ii 505)	No	_	_	-	-	13 (76.5%)	4 (23.5%)	-	0.091#
Hand soan profesence (n = 200)		144 (42 49/)	106 (57 69/)						
Hand soap preference ( $n = 390$ )	Liquid	144 (42.4%)	196 (57.6%)	_	0.038	306 (90.3%)	33 (9.7%)	_	1.000#
	Bar	29 (58.0%)	21 (52.0%)			45 (90.0%)	5 (10.0%)		
and eczema (Redness, edema, weep	ing, crus	ting, burning, pa	ain, or pruritus o	n hand s	kin)				
HADS-A score ( $n = 504$ )		<b></b>			<del>-</del>	9 (4)	7 (5)	-5.3	< 0.001
Age (years, $n = 520$ )		32 (11)	32 (11)	-0.2	0.822*	32 (12)	33 (9)	-2.2	0.025
Sex(n = 525)	Male	31 (19.1%)	131 (80.9%)		0.155	91 (55.9%)	71 (44.1%)		40.00
	Female	90 (24.8%)	273 (75.2%)	_	0.155	- 290 (79.9%)	73 (20.1%)	_	< 0.001
Residence with person at high	Yes	26 (22.4%)	90 (77.6%)			98 (83.7%)	19 (16.3%)		
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 523$ )	No	94 (23.1%)	313 (76.9%)	-	0.878	281 (69.2%)	125 (30.8%)	-	0.002
Need moisturizer (times/day, $n = 5$		2 (3)	1 (2)	-2.6	0.010*	3 (4)	2 (5)	-5.6	< 0.001
Handwashing (times/day, $n = 523$ )		11 (9.2%)	59 (14.6%)	2.0		2 (0.6%)	0 (0.0%)		10.001
mandwashing (times/day, 11 – 323)	1-4 5-9							- 4	
		32 (26.7%)	165 (40.9%)	2.0		10 (2.6%)	15 (10.5%)		
	10-14	43 (35.8%)	117 (29.0%)	-3.9	< 0.001*	52 (13.7%)	37 (25.9%)	-5.1	< 0.001
	15-19	19 (15.8%)	35 (8.7%)			84 (22.2%)	35 (24.5%)		
	> 20	15 (12.5%)	27 (6.7%)			230 (60.9%)	56 (39.1%)		
Handwashing time per event	0-9	38 (31.7%)	142 (35.2%)			3 (0.8%)	6 (4.2%)		
(seconds, $n = 523$ )	10-19	65 (54.2%)	209 (51.9%)	0.0	0 / / 0+	79 (20.8%)	32 (22.2%)	2.5	0.044
	20-29	13 (10.8%)	45 (11.2%)	-0.8	0.448*	221 (58.3%)	92 (63.9%)	-2.5	0.011
	> 30	4 (3.3%)	7 (1.7%)			76 (20.1%)	14 (9.8%)		
Using gloves $(n = 523)$	Yes	_				345 (73.4%)	125 (26.6%)		
55111g gloves (11 323)	No			-	_	34 (64.2%)	19 (35.8%)	_	0.153
Clave wearing time (hours									
Glove-wearing time (hours,	< 1	_	_	_	_	101 (64.7%)	55 (35.3%)	_	0.004
n = 491)‡	≥ 1	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>			258 (77.0%)	77 (23.0%)		
Hand sanitizer use $(n = 503)$	Yes	_	_	_		_ 351 (72.2%)	135 (27.8%)	_	0.332#
	No					11 (64.7%)	6 (35.3%)		
Hand soap preference ( $n = 390$ )	Liquid	78 (22.9%)	262 (77.1%)	_	0.642	254 (74.7%)	86 (25.3%)	_	0.486
	Bar	10 (20.0%)	40 (80.0%)	_	0.042	35 (70.0%)	15 (30.0%)	_	0.460
dy xerosis or eczema (redness, dry	ness, fiss	ures, weeping,	crusting, burning	g, pain, o	r pruritus o	n body skin)			
HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 503)		-	_	—	_	9 (5)	8 (5)	-3.0	0.002
Age (years, $n = 519$ )		33 (13)	32 (12)	-1.6	0.107	34 (12)	32 (10)	-1.0	0.331
	Mala	30 (18.5%)		1.0	0.107			1.0	0.771
Sex $(n = 524)$	Male		132 (81.5%)	-	0.142	51 (31.7%)	110 (68.3%)	-	< 0.001
B at 1 and a state	Female	88 (24.3%)	274 (75.7%)			189 (52.2%)	173 (47.8%)		
Residence with person at high	Yes	22	94	_	0.288	57 (49.1%)	59 (50.9%)	_	0.397
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 522$ )	No	96	310		0.200	181 (44.7%)	225 (55.3%)		0.571
COVID 17 death 113k (ii 322)		3 (2)	3 (2)		0.006	6 (3)	5 (3)		< 0.001

HADS-A = Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale—Anxiety (0 to 21 points), \*Mann—Whitney U test used and expressed as data median (interquartile range) or number of participants (column percentage), whichever was appropriate, #Fisher's exact test used and data expressed as number of participants (raw percentage). For others, Pearson's chi-square test was used and the data are expressed as the number of participants (raw percentage). †Participants that never used relevant PPE excluded, ‡participants that never used relevant PPE also included in analysis.

**Supplementary Table 2 | Continued.** 

Delete diference	_		Disease before COV				isease after 1 m		
Related factors	1 ~	Existing	None		р	Existing	None	Z	р
Facial xerosis or eczema (redness,	dryness, fissu	res, weeping,	crusting, burning,	, pain, o	r pruritus o				
HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 503)		<u>-</u> ,	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	9 (4)	7 (5)	-3.6	< 0.001
Age (years, <i>n</i> = 520)		35 (11)	32 (12)	-2.3	0.023*	33.5 (13)	32 (10)	-0.4	0.689*
Sex(n = 524)	Male	16 (9.9%)	145 (90.1%)	_	0.001	189 (52.2)	173 (47.8%)	_	< 0.001
	Female	81 (22.3%)	282 (77.7%)		0.001	41 (25.5%)	120 (74.5%)		V 0.001
Residence with person at high	Yes	19 (16.5%)	96 (83.5%)		0.500	62 (53.9%)	53 (46.1%)		0.047
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 522$ )	No	78 (19.2%)	329 (78.8%)	_	0.520	168 (44.1%)	238 (58.6%)	-	0.017
Diabetes mellitus ( $n = 524$ )	Yes	8 (50.0%)	8 (50.0%)			11 (68.8%)	5 (31.2%)		
	No	89 (17.5%)	419 (82.5%)	-	0.004#	210 (41.3%)	298 (58.7%)	-	0.041
Hypertension ( $n = 524$ )	Yes	8 (38.1%)	13 (61.9%)			12 (57.1%)	9 (42.9%)		
11ypertension (11 – 324)	No	89 (17.7%)	414 (82.3%)	-	0.038#	218 (43.3%)	285 (56.7%)	-	0.215
Face washing (times / day n = F1				Λ.	0 ( 42*			າ າ	0.001+
Face washing (times/day, $n = 51$		3 (3)	3 (3)	-0.5	0.643*	5 (4)	4.5 (4)	-3.3	0.001*
Face wash product $(n = 522)$	Soap	73 (18.7%)	318 (81.3%)	_	0.929	187 (46.7%)	208 (53.3%	_	0.031
,	Tap water	24 (18.3%)	107 (81.7%)			47 (35.9%)	84 (64.1%)		
Shower frequency per week ( $n =$	521)	3 (2)	3 (2)	-2.0	0.046*	6 (3)	5 (3)	-3.5	< 0.001*
Use of face masks in hospital	Yes	-	-	-	-	220 (44.0%)	280 (56.0%)		0.803
(n = 517)	No	-	-			8 (47.1%)	9 (52.9%)		0.005
Mask wearing time (hours/week	, <i>n</i> = 461)‡	-	-	-	-	-	40 (21)	-1.0	0.317*
Wearing goggles/visor (hours/da		_	_	_	_	_	1 (6)	-1.7	0.086*
Acne or folliculitis on face (acne or		ce)					(-)		
HADS-A score ( $n = 505$ )	pinipies on id	_				9 (4)	7.5 (5)	-3.7	< 0.001
Age (years, $n = 520$ )		30 (9)	34 (10)	-6.0	< 0.001*	30 (9)	35 (10)	-6.5	< 0.001*
				-0.0	10.001			-0.5	10.001
Sex(n = 525)	_Male	27 (16.8%)	134 (83.2%)	_	0.001	36 (22.4%)	125 (77.6%)	_	< 0.001
	Female	112 (30.8%)				171 (47.0%)	193 (53.0%)		
Residence with person at high	Yes	32 (27.8%)	83 (72.2%)	_	0.692	46 (40.0%)	69 (60.0%)	_	0.879
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 523$ )	No	106 (26.0%)	302 (74.0%)		0.072	160 (39.2%)	248 (60.8%)		0.077
Diabetes mellitus ( $n = 525$ )	Yes	7 (43.8%)	9 (56.3%)		0.147#	9 (56.3%)	7 (43.7%)		0.162
	No	132 (25.9%)	137 (74.1%)	_	0.147#	198 (38.9%)	311 (61.1%)	_	0.162
Hypertension ( $n = 525$ )	Yes	4 (19.0%)	17 (81.0%)			7 (33.3%)	14 (66.7%)		
,	No	135 (26.8%)		-	0.431	200 (39.7%)	304 (60.3%)	-	0.560
Use of face masks in hospital	Yes	_	_			202 (40.2%)	300 (59.8%)		
(n = 519)	No	_	_	-	_	2 (11.8%)	15 (88.2%)	-	0.018
Mask-wearing time (hours/week						40 (15)	40 (16)	-0.2	0.835*
Wearing goggles/visor (hours/da		·····	<del>-</del>		·····	2 (7)	1 (6)	-0.2	
		2 (2)	2 (2)		0.711*				0.388*
Face washing (times/day, $n = 51$		3 (3)	3 (3)	-0.4	0.711*	5 (4)	5 (4)	-0.8	0.453*
Face wash product $(n = 523)$	Soap	_	_	_	_	163 (41.6%)	229 (58.4%)	_	0.053
	Tap water	<del>_</del>				42 (32.1%)	89 (67.9%)		
Shower frequency per week ( $n =$		3 (2)	3 (2)	-0.1	0.886*	5 (3)	5 (3)	-0.8	0.438*
Hair loss (any active hair loss comp	olaints, except	in form of rou	ınd patches)						
Sex(n = 503)	Male	57 (36.1%)	102 (63.9%)		0.111	48 (30.4%)	110 (69.6%)		0.007
	Female	100 (29.0%)		-	0.111	107 (31.0%)	238 (69.0%)	_	0.886
Age in men (years, $n = 156$ )		32 (9)	32 (8)	-0.5	0.588*	31.5 (9)	33 (9)	-1.8	0.073*
( 1)					_	7 (7)	7 (5)	-0.6	0.528*
HADS-A score (n = 336)  © Residence with person at high  COVID-19 death risk (n = 344)	Yes	23 (26.7%)	63 (73.3%)			27 (31.4%)	59 (68.6%)		0.520
COVID 10 death risk (n = 244)				-	0.583			-	0.946
H	No	77 (29.3%)	181 (70.2%)			80 (31.0%)	178 (69.0%)		
$\sharp$ Shower frequency per week ( $n =$		3 (2)	3 (3)	-0.2	0.877*	3 (2)	3 (2)	-0.3	0.781*
Diabetes mellitus (n = 158)	Yes	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	_	_	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	_	_
Š	No	57 (36.1%)	101 (63.9%)			48 (30.4%)	110 (69.6%)		
Hypertension ( $n = 158$ )	Yes	0 (0.0%)	3 (100.0%)		0 554#	0 (0.0%)	3 (100.0%)		0 554#
	No	57 (36.8%)	98 (63.2%)	_	0.554#	48 (30.4%)	110 (69.6%)	_	0.554#
Age in women (years, $n = 336$ )		31 (12)	34 (12)	-1.8	0.079*	32 (13)	33 (12)	-0.4	0.675*
ি HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 336)				-		9 (5)	8 (5)	-2.6	0.009*
Residence with person at high	Yes	23 (26.7%)	63 (73.3%)			27 (31.4%)	59 (68.6%)	2.0	
COVID-19 death risk $(n = 344)$				-	0.583	, ,		-	0.946
Cl	No	77 (29.3%)	181 (70.2%)	^ ^	0 12/4	80 (31.0%)	178 (69.0%)	1.2	0.227
Shower frequency per week $(n = \frac{1}{2})^n$		3 (2)	3 (2)	-0.8	0.124*	3 (2)	3 (2)	-1.2	0.226*
Diabetes mellitus (n = 345)	Yes	5 (35.7%)	9 (64.3%)	_	0.558#	6 (42.9%)	8 (57.1%)	_	0.379#
	No	95 (28.7%)	236 (71.3%)			101 (31.5%)	230 (69.5%)		
Hypertension ( $n = 345$ )	Yes	3 (18.8%)	13 (81.3%)	_	0.573#	5 (31.3%)	11 (68.8%)	_	1.000#
	No	97 (29.5%)	232 (70.5%)	_	υ / π	102 (31.0%)	227 (69.0%)	_	1.000#

No 97 (29.5%) 232 (70.5%) - 0.573# 102 (31.0%) 227 (69.0%) - 1.000#

HADS-A = Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale-Anxiety (0 to 21 points), \*Mann-Whitney U test used and expressed as data median (interquartile range) or number of participants (column percentage), whichever appropriate, #Fisher's exact test used and data expressed as number of participants (raw percentage). In others, Pearson's chi-square test was used and the data are expressed as the number of participants (raw percentage). †Participants that never used relevant PPE excluded, \*participants that never used relevant PPE also included in analysis.

## T Supplementary Table 2 | Continued.

elated factors		Existing	sease before CO None	Z	р	Existing	isease after 1 m None	Z	р
almar hyperhidrosis (excessive swea	ting on nal		None		μ	LAISHIIB	None		μ
HADS-A score ( $n = 505$ )	tilig oli pat	1115)				0 (4)	0 (6)	1.0	0.215
		30 (9)	22 (11)	1 4	- - 0 001*	9 (4)	8 (6)	-1.0	0.315
Age (years, <i>n</i> = 520)			33 (11)	-1.4	< 0.001*	28 (12)	33 (10)	-4.1	< 0.001
Sex (n = 525)	Male	21 (13.0%)	140 (87.0%)	_	0.114	50 (13.8%)	-		0.387
5	Female	31 (8.6%)	331 (91.4%)			27 (16.7%)	135 (83.3%)		
Residence with person at high	Yes	8 (7.0%)	107 (93.0%)	_	0.220	17 (14.7%)	99 (85.3%)	_	0.983
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 521$ )	No	44 (10.8%)	362 (89.2%)			60 (14.7%)	347 (85.3%)		
Handwashing (times/day, $n = 523$ )	1-4	2 (4.0%)	68 (14.5%)			1 (1.3%)	1 (0.2)		
	5-9	20 (40.0%)	175 (37.2%)			1 (1.3%)	24 (5.4%)		
	10-14	22 (44.0%)	138 (29.4%)	-0.9	0.372*	9 (11.7%)	80 (18.0%)	-0.8	0.429
	15-19	3 (6.0%)	50 (10.6%)			23 (29.9%)	96 (21.6%)		
	> 20	3 (6.0%)	39 (8.3%)			43 (55.8%)	245 (54.8%)		
Handwashing time per event	0-9	17 (32.7%)	163 (34.8%)			2 (2.6%)	7 (1.6%)		
(seconds, $n = 523$ )	10-19	30 (57.7%)	242 (51.6%)	0.4	0.0174	15 (19.7%)	96 (21.5%)	0.0	0.000
	20-29	3 (5.8%)	55 (11.7%)	-0.1	0.947*	45 (59.2%)	269 (60.2%)	-0.3	0.803
	>30	2 (3.8%)	9 (1.9%)			14 (18.4%)	75 (16.8%)		
Hand sanitizer use $(n = 494)$	Yes	- (3.0.0)	-			56 (11.8%)	421 (88.2%)		
Thank Samuel ase (ii 474)	No	_	_	-	_	1 (5.9%)	16 (94.1%)	-0.8 -0.8 -0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.5 -0.8 -0.8 -0.7 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8	0.707
Hand soap preference ( $n = 389$ )	Liquid	37 (10.9%)	302 (89.1%)			52 (15.3%)	287 (84.7%)		
Tialia soap preference (ii = 303)	Bar	4 (8.0%)		-	0.523		45 (90.0%)	_	0.31
Using gloves (n – F24)		4 (0.0%)	46 (97.0%)			5 (10.0%)			
Using gloves $(n = 524)$	Yes	_	_	_	_	75 (16.0%)	395 (84.0%)	_	0.01
	No					2 (3.7%)	52 (96.3%)		
Glove-wearing time $(n = 443)$ †						6 (1.8)	6 (1.7)		0.599
Need moisturizer (times/day, $n = 52$		1 (2)	1 (2)	-1.2	0.223*	3 (4)	3 (4)	-0.5	0.587
<b>eromycteria</b> (drying or bleeding insid	e nose, na	sal mucosa)							
HADS-A score ( $n = 506$ )				<b></b>	<del> </del>	9 (5)	8 (5)	-3.0	0.00
Age (years, $n = 518$ )		32 (12)	32 (11)	-0.2	0.834*	33 (12)	32 (11)	-0.8	0.432
Sex(n = 525)	Male	28 (17.4%)	133 (82.6%)		0.630	35 (21.6%)	127 (78.4%)		0 11
	Female	57 (15.7%)	305 (84.3%)	_	0.638	102 (28.1%)	261 (71.9%)	_	0.11
Residence with person at high	Yes	15 (12.8%)	102 (87.2%)		0.262	24 (20.7%)	92 (79.3%)		0.40
COVID-19 death risk $(n = 523)$	No	70 (17.3%)	336 (82.7%)	_	0.263	112 (27.5%)	295 (72.5%)	_	0.13
Nasal washout with any liquid	Yes	_				35 (32.7%)	72 (67.3%)		
	No	_	_	-	_	85 (21.8%)	305 (78.2%)	_	0.01
Face washing (times/day, $n = 518$ )		3 (3)	3 (3)	-0.5	0.623*	5 (4)	5 (4)	-1 6	0.101
Face wash product ( $n = 523$ )	Soap	62 (15.9%)	329 (84.1%)			104 (26.5)	288 (73.5%)		
race wash product (n = 323)	•	23 (17.6%)	109 (82.4%)	-	0.656			-	0.76
cute or chronic urticaria (red, swoller	Tap water			th:n - 2/	. harry mayle	33 (25.2%)	98 (74.8%)		
	i, edemato	us, iteriy, and i	ading testons wi	LIIIII d 24	t-nour pend		0 (/)	2.0	0.00
HADS-A score $(n = 477)$		-	-			9 (5)	8 (6)	-2.9	0.00
Age (years, <i>n</i> = 519)		32 (14)	32 (11)	-0.5	0.602*	33 (14)	32 (11)	-0.2	0.810
Sex $(n = 524)$	Male	14 (8.6%)	148 (91.4%)	_	0.402	81(22.4%)	281(77.6%)	_	0.00
	Female	40 (11.0%)	322 (89.0%)			19 (11.7%)	179 (88.3%)		
Residence with person at high	Yes	18 (15.7%)	97 (84.3%)	_	0.034	30 (26.1%)	85 (73.9%)	_	0.03
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 522$ )	No	36 (8.8%)	371 (91.2%)		0.054	70 (17.2%)	337 (82.8%)		0.00
Diabetes mellitus ( $n = 524$ )	Yes	6 (37.5%)	10 (62.5%)		0.002#	8 (50.0%)	8 (50.0%)		0.00
	No	48 (9.4%)	460 (90.6%)	_	0.003#	92 (18.1%)	416 (91.9%)	_	0.00
Hypertension $(n = 524)$	Yes	5 (23.8%)	16 (76.2%)			7 (33.3%)	14 (66.7%)		
, , ,	No	49 (9.7%)	454 (90.3%)	-	0.054#	93 (18.5%)	410 (81.5%)	_	0.09
ohthous stomatitis (Painful, recurren				r) in mo	uth)		( /		
HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 504)		-	_	_	_	9 (6)	8 (6)	-1.6	0.11
Age (years, $n = 519$ )		32 (8)	32 (11)	-0.6	0.563*	32 (11)	32 (11)	-0.7	0.458
Sex $(n = 524)$	Male	19 (11.8%)					136 (84.5%)		0.730
3ex (II = 324)			142 (88.2%)	-	0.653	25 (15.5%)		-	0.16
Decidence with never at Link	Female	48 (13.2%)	315 (86.8%)			75 (20.7%)	288 (79.3%)		
Residence with person at high	Yes	19 (16.5%)	96 (83.5%)	_	0.181	30 (26.1%)	85 (73.9%)	_	0.03
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 522$ )	No	48 (11.8%)	359 (88.2%)			70 (17.2%)	337 (82.8%)		
Diabetes mellitus ( $n = 524$ )	Yes	6 (37.5%)	10 (62.5%)	_	0.010#	7 (43.8%)	9 (56.3%)	_	0.019
	No	61 (12.0%)	447 (88.0%)		υ.υ.υπ	93 (18.3%)	415 (81.7%)		
Mouthwash with disinfectants	Yes	_	_			15 (14.4%)	89 (85.6%)		0.71
(n = 494)	No	_	_	_	_	62 (15.9)	328 (84.1%)	_	0.71
	Yes					97 (19.4%)	404 (80.6%)		
Use of face masks in hospital	163								0.753

HADS-A = Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale—Anxiety (0 to 21 points), \*Mann—Whitney U test used and expressed as data median (interquartile range) or number of participants (column percentage), whichever was appropriate. #Fisher's exact test used and data expressed as number of participants (raw percentage). For others, Pearson's chi-square test was used and the data are expressed as the number of participants (raw percentage). †Participants that never used relevant PPE excluded, ‡participants that never used relevant PPE also included in analysis.

## **Supplementary Table 2 | Continued.**

		Di	sease before CO	VID-19		Disease after 1 month				
Related factors		Existing	None	Z	р	Existing	None	Z	р	
Seborrheic dermatitis (white-yellow	scales or dar	ndruff on scalp)								
HADS-A score ( <i>n</i> = 504)		_	_	_	_	9 (4)	8 (6)	-2.3	0.023	
Age (years, <i>n</i> = 519)		32 (8)	32 (12)	-2.1	0.036*	32 (10)	32 (12)	-1.8	0.075*	
Sex (n = 525)	Male	36 (22.2%)	126 (77.8%)	_	0.316	46 (28.4%)	116 (71.6%)	_	0.394	
	Female	67 (18.5%)	296 (81.5%)			90 (24.8%)	273 (75.2%)			
Residence with person at high	Yes	24 (20.7%)	92 (79.3%)		0.740	32 (27.6%)	84 (72.4%)	ž	0.470	
COVID-19 death risk ( $n = 523$ )	No	79 (19.4%)	328 (80.6%)	_	0.760	104 (25.6%)	302 (74.4%)	_	0.670	
Diabetes mellitus $(n = 525)$	Yes	5 (31.3%)	11 (68.8%)		0.246#	7 (43.8%)	9 (56.3%)		0.4/2	
	No	98 (19.3%)	411 (80.7%)	-	- 0.216#	0.216#	129 (25.4%)	379 (74.6%)	_	0.142
Hypertension ( $n = 525$ )	Yes	4 (19.0%)	17 (81.0%)		4 0001	4 (19.0%)	17 (81.0%)	_	0.444	
	No	99 (19.6%)	405 (80.4%)	-	1.000#	132 (26.2%)	371 (73.8%)		0.461	
Shower frequency per week $(n = 5)$	23)	5 (2)	5 (2)	-0.1	0.931*	5 (3)	5 (3)	-0.9	0.380*	

HADS-A = Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale-Anxiety (0 to 21 points), \*Mann-Whitney U test used and expressed as data median (interquartile range) or number of participants (column percentage), whichever was appropriate. #Fisher's exact test used and data expressed as number of participants (raw percentage). For others, Pearson's chi-square test was used and the data are expressed as the number of participants (raw percentage). †Participants that never used relevant PPE excluded, ‡participants that never used relevant PPE also included in analysis.